

Why Validation and Verification matter in JCM

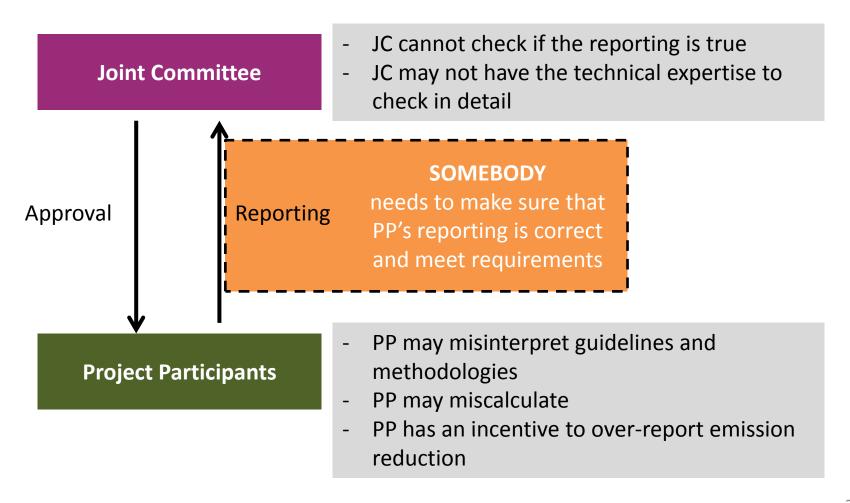
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Somebody has to check quality



"TPE" - the quality keeper

- "Third-Party Entity (TPE)" is the quality keeper of JCM.
- TPE's jobs are to:
 - 1. Ensure that the project meets JCM requirements
 - 2. Ensure that the greenhouse gas (GHG) has been reduced.



TPE's jobs – Validation and Verification

 Validation – is a process to check if the project meets JCM requirements



JCM requirements

- Does it have a methodology approved by JC?
- Does the project meet the eligibility criteria of the methodology?
- Verification is a process to check if the GHG emission has been reduced.



GHG reduction

- -Did you monitor the project correctly?
- -Do you have document proof?
- -Did you calculate the emission reduction according to the methodology?

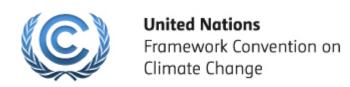
Who pays TPE?

- In principles, TPE is paid by the project participants.
- At the initial stage of JCM implementation,
 Japanese government is likely to subsidise the TPE-related cost.



Who can be a TPE?

- Option 1: Accredited as the Designated
 Operation Entity of the Clean Development
 Mechanisms (CDM-DOE)
 - Accredited by the UN
 - Now 42 entities are DOE worldwide
 - DOE is recognised only for CDM but CDM carbon market is currently very inactive



Who can be a TPE?

- Option 2: Accredited under ISO 14065
 - ISO 14065 is a global standard to accredit competent body for validation and verification
 - Accredited by a national body (e.g. potentially Mongolian Agency for Standardization and Metrology).
 - Also recognised beyond JCM e.g. Voluntary
 Carbon Scheme

Organization for Standardization

ISO 14065 – an opportunity?

- If there is an entity accredited under ISO 14065, the entity
 - Can perform validation and verification processes under the JCM.
 - Same goes for Voluntary Carbon Scheme and other voluntary schemes
 - Adds credibility to certify emission reductions by large corporates

Thank you. Баярлалаа.