

Workshop of Project Formulation Study through City to City Cooperation in Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia



## Joint Crediting Mechanism (JCM) and Project Study through City to City Cooperation

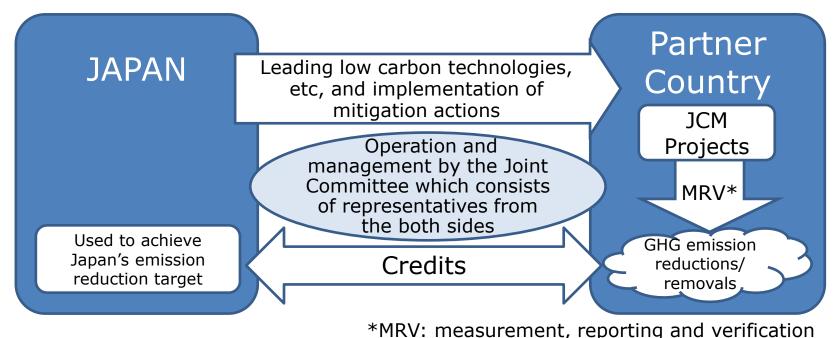
October 27, 2016

Hokkaido Government, Sapporo City Hokkaido International Exchange and Cooperation Center(HIECC) Overseas Environmental Cooperation Center(OECC)

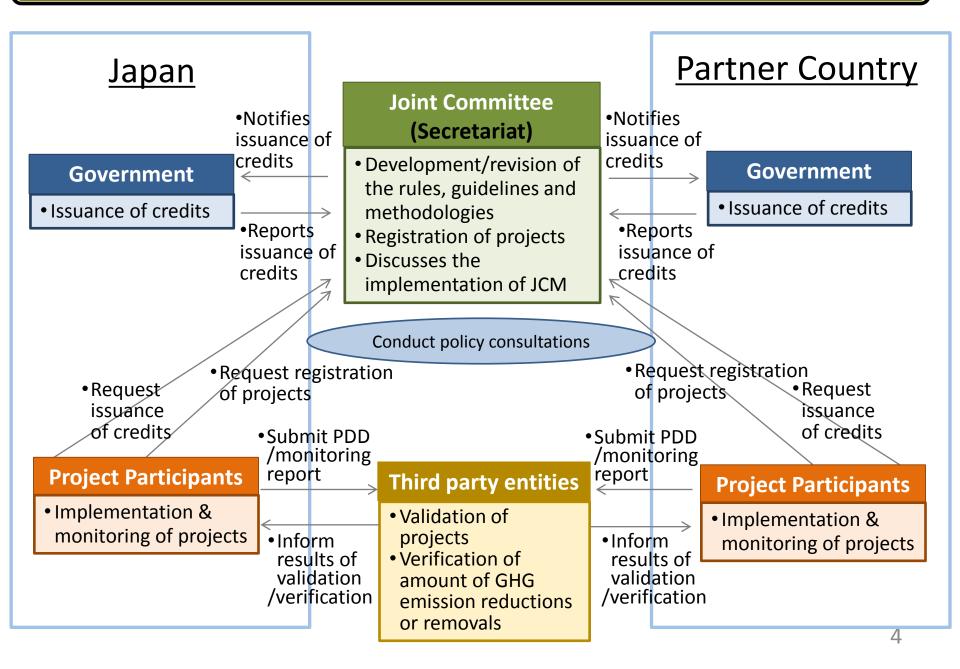
## Joint Crediting Mechanism (JCM)

## **Basic Concept of the JCM**

- Facilitating diffusion of leading low carbon technologies, products, systems, services, and infrastructure as well as implementation of mitigation actions, and contributing to sustainable development of developing countries.
- Appropriately evaluating contributions from Japan to GHG emission reductions or removals in a quantitative manner and use them to achieve Japan's emission reduction target.
- Contributing to the ultimate objective of the UNFCCC by facilitating global actions for GHG emission reductions or removals.



### Scheme of the JCM



#### JCM Partner Countries

Japan has held consultations for the JCM with developing countries since 2011 and has established the JCM with Mongolia, Bangladesh, Ethiopia, Kenya, Maldives, Viet Nam, Lao PDR, Indonesia, Costa Rica, Palau, Cambodia, Mexico, Saudi Arabia, Chile, Myanmar and Thailand.





<u>Mongolia</u> Jan. 8, 2013 (Ulaanbaatar)

<u>Bangladesh</u> Mar. 19, 2013 (Dhaka)



<u>Ethiopia</u> May 27, 2013 (Addis Ababa)



<u>Kenya</u> Jun. 12,2013 (Nairobi)



<u>Maldives</u> Jun. 29, 2013 (Okinawa)

<u>Viet Nam</u> Jul. 2, 2013 (Hanoi)



<u>Lao PDR</u> Aug. 7, 2013 (Vientiane)



<u>Saudi Arabia</u> May 13, 2015



Indonesia

(Jakarta)

Chile

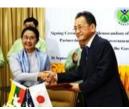
May 26, 2015

(Santiago)

Aug. 26, 2013



<u>Costa Rica</u> Dec. 9, 2013 (Tokyo)



<u>Myanmar</u> Sep. 16, 2015 (Nay Pyi Taw)



Jan. 13, 2014 (Ngerulmud)



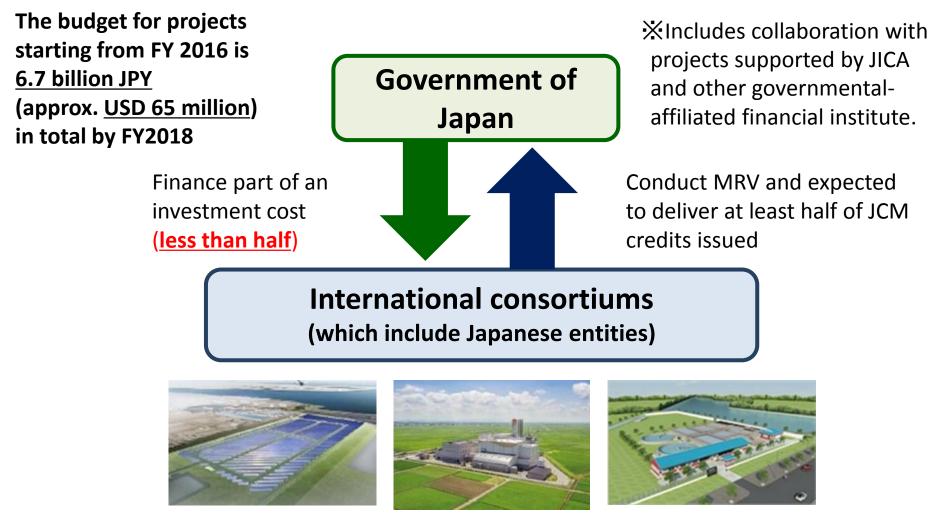
<u>Thailand</u> Nov. 19, 2015 (Tokyo)





- Cambodia Apr. 11, 2014 (Phnom Penh)
- <u>Mexico</u> Jul. 25, 2014 (Mexico City)
- In addition, the Philippines and Japan signed an aide memoire with intent to establish the JCM.

### JCM Model Projects by the Ministry of Environment Japan



- Scope of the financing: facilities, equipment, vehicles, etc. which reduce CO<sub>2</sub> from fossil fuel combustion as well as construction cost for installing those facilities, etc.
- Eligible Projects : starting installation after the adoption of the financing and finishing installation within three years.

# Project Study through City to City Cooperation

#### Population 1,350,000 Various Issues in Ulaanbaatar city are arising due to recent rapid population increase and sharp economic growth. Severe Air Pollution Double 700,000 (PM10 is 14 times in Japan & double in China) Tight Supply-Demand situation for Power System Waste Treatment, etc. **YEAR 2000** 2016

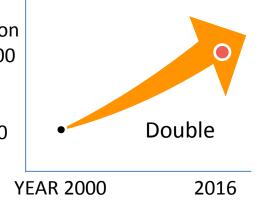
Hokkaido Government / Sapporo City constructed the cooperative relationship with Ulaanbaatar City

<sup>¬</sup>Memorandum Signing Ceremony between Hokkaido Government and Ministry of Energy Mongolia (Mar. 2015)

"Ulaanbaatar Declare (Jan. 2012)" City of Sapporo & City of Ulaanbaatar

Further Strong Relationship

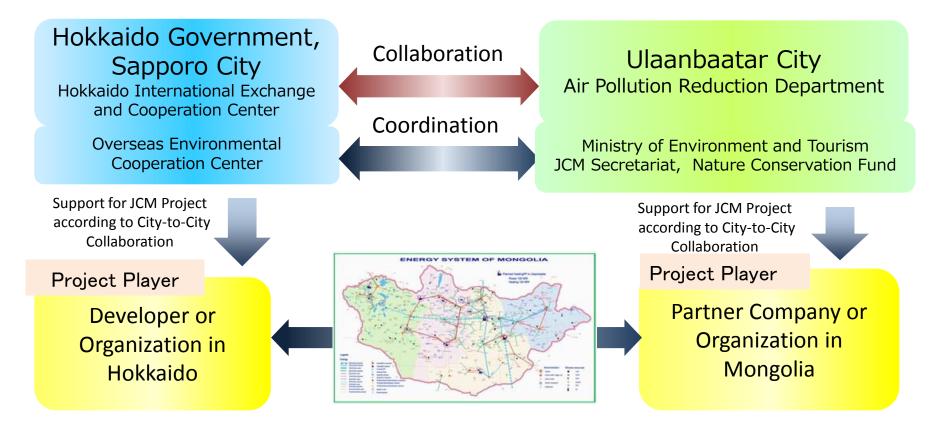




### Background

#### Vision

Since GHG is regarded as one of the current extraordinary weather, it is quite important to endeavor the GHG emission mitigation activity. Therefore, we re-recognize for the residence living in the Winter City that reduction of energy consumption and realization of urban city activity lowering the environmental impact should be the major issues, and we put in serious efforts to tackle the above-mentioned issues.



### Action (JCM Project Formulation)

#### Renewable Energy Sector



Solar Power Generation & Power Storage System



Large Capacity Secondary Battery

#### **Energy Saving Sector**



Introduction of Heat Pumps or Thermal Storage Heater

#### Waste Material Sector



Waste to Energy

# Thank you for your attention

Overseas Environmental Cooperation Center(OECC) on behalf of the Ministry of Environment, Japan (MoEJ)