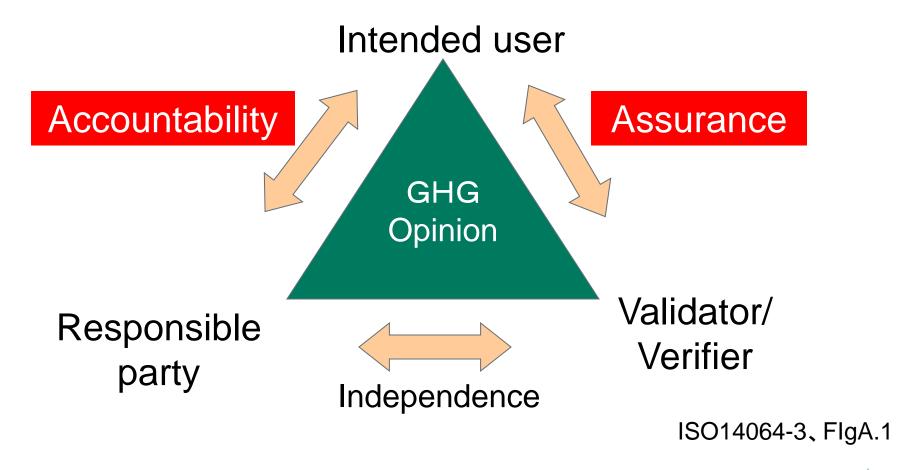


- Audit for GHG project
- Validation and Verification
- Pre-engagement of validation
- Validation Approach

For credibility of GHG Opinion





For credibility of GHG opinion

Accountability

MRV

Requirement of quantification and reporting

Assurance

MRV

Requirement of Auditing

(Validation, Verification)



1. Audit?

ISO19011, 3 Terms and definitions 3.1 "audit"

systematic, independent and documented process for obtaining audit evidence and evaluating it objectively to determine the extent to which the audit criteria are fulfilled

Note:

ISO19011 "Guidelines for quality and/or environmental management systems auditing"



Audit?



Criteria









Report

- ISO
- ASME
- EU Directive
- Company standard, procedure
- and so on



- Management system
- Project
- Product
- data
- and so on

- opinion
- Assurance
- Certification
- CE mark
- Survey report
- and so on



Monitoring Report

- Monitoring
- GHG emission reductions

Implementation

Implementation

Project design document

- Application of methodology
- Emission sources (Boundary)
- GHG emission reductions
- Monitoring Plan

Project design

Planning

Validation

Opinion

Verification

Validation

Evaluation of the project design by independent third party.

- Ex-ante assessment (before project activity)
 - : Forecast based on presumption about future.

Verification

Review and determination of project performance/emission reduction by independent third party.

- Ex-post review (after project activity)
 - : Based on actual data verifiable



Validation and Verification Credit **Ex-post Opinion Verification** Monitoring Report Monitoring GHG emission reductions **Project activity Implementation Validation** Project design document Application of methodology Emission sources (Boundary) GHG emission reductions **Ex-ante** Monitoring Plan **Project design** 不許複製 (弊社の許可なく複製・転載お断りいたします。) 11

What is Validation?

Systematic, independent and documented process for the evaluation of a GHG assertion in a GHG project Plan(ISO14064-3, 2.32)

against agreed validation criteria (15014064-3, 2.32)



What is Validation?















- JCM rule, guideline
- Methodologies
- and so on

PDD

Validation report



What is Verification?

Systematic, independent and documented process for the evaluation of a GHG assertion (15014064-3, 2.36)

against agreed verification criteria (15014064-3, 2.36)



What is Verification?















- PDD
- JCM rule, guideline
- Methodologies
- and so on



- Verification report
- (Certification)



Validation:

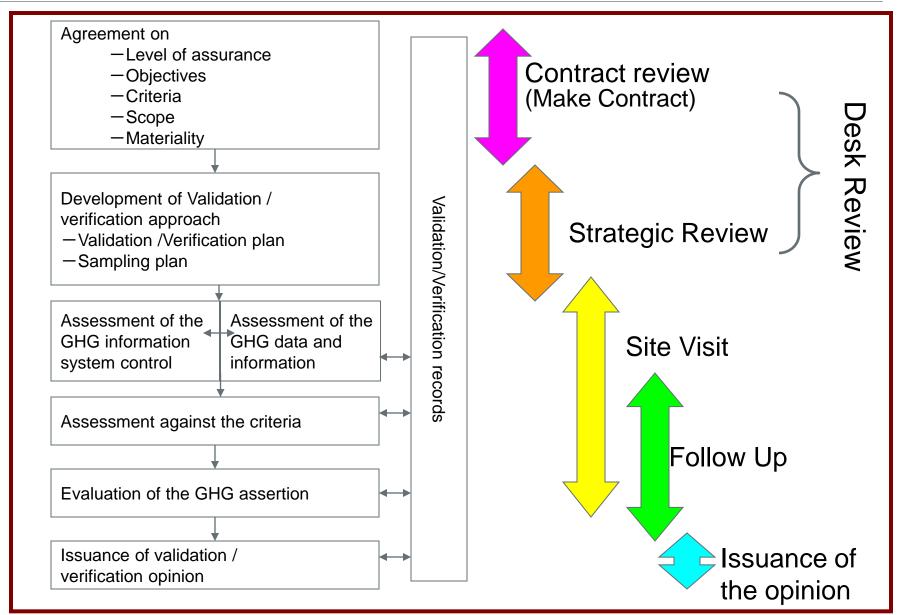
- More assess on qualitative information; assumptions, justifications etc.
- Get more evidence through interview with stakeholders

Verification:

- More assess on quantitative information; monitoring data etc.
- Confirm implementation of project follows project plan; PDD



Validation and Verification Process



Pre-engagement of validation

Validation process

Preengagement

- Impartiality
- Competence
- Agreement /Contract
- Team leader

Approach

- Validation Team
- Communication with PPs
- Validation Plan

Implementation of Audit

- Document review
- Follow-up interview (Site visit)
- Draft validation report

Opinion

- Conclusion of GHG assertion
- Final validation report
- Opinion

ISO14065, 8,1



Validation team

- Independent
- No conflict of interest
- Competent, Professional
- Integrity and trustable

Designated by Joint Committee

Eligibility

- Accredited under ISO 14065
- DOE of CDM



Validation Team

Team Leader: 1

Team member: 1 or more





Sector expert is necessary



Avoidance of conflict of interest

- a) shall not use personnel with an actual or potential conflict of interest
- b) shall not validate and verify GHG assertions from the same GHG project unless allowed by the applicable GHG programme;
- c) shall not validate or verify a GHG assertion where it provided GHG consultancy services to the responsible party that support the GHG assertion;
- d) shall not validate or verify a GHG assertion where a relationship with those who provided GHG consultancy services to the responsible party that support the GHG assertion poses an unacceptable risk to impartiality;

Avoidance of conflict of interest

- e) shall not validate or verify a GHG assertion using personnel who were engaged by those who provided GHG consultancy services to the responsible party in support of the GHG assertion;
- f) shall not outsource the review and issuance of the validation or verification opinion (see 8.5);
- g) shall not offer products or services that pose an unacceptable risk to impartiality;
- h) shall not state or imply that validation or verification of a GHG assertion would be simpler, easier, faster or less expensive if a specified GHG consultancy service were used.

Risk based validation approach

Risk-Based Validation Approach

Stakeholders NGOs

Project Description



- Environmental assessment
- Local stakeholder consultation
- Others.

Identify risks: assumptions data sources

Relevance?

Completeness?

Consistency?

Accuracy?

PDD

Conservativeness?

Transparency?

Follow-up Interviews



Validation Report

Material uncertainty: **Detailed investigation**





The Validation Process

Identify risks: Validation Body - assumptions - data sources **Document** Validation Report Site visit and Opinion Review Relevance/Completeness Consistency/Accuracy Conservativeness Transparency Material uncertainty PPs ⇒ Detailed investigation **Develop Project Documentation** A Project Description B Application of an approved methodology C Calculation of emission reduction D Environmental impact assessment E Local stakeholder consultation



Others.

Risk checked on Validation

- 1. Possibility of non-compliance with requirements
- Potential cause of misstatement of emissions reductions
- 3. Assess project design document (PDD).
 - ✓ Relevance
 - Completeness
 - Consistency
 - Accuracy
 - ✓ Conservativeness
 - ✓ Transparency





Conservativeness

Relevance, Completeness, Consistency Accuracy, Transparency

- A Project Description
- B Application of an approved methodology
- C Calculation of emission reduction
- D Environmental impact assessment
- E Local stakeholder consultation Others.

To reduce Risk





More and Detail information

Select *Conservative*Manner



High Risk Example 1

Fuel Switch Project:

Fuel switch project from coal to natural gas

- Solid waste used to be blended with coal
- The solid waste will be land filled by the project.



Leakage (additional landfill emissions)





High Risk Example 2

Energy Saving Project:

Automatic operation control technologies applied for factory energy saving

Difficult to monitor energy saving effectiveness directly.





Estimation of emission reductions include unknown factors.

